1	EXHIBIT 1	
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4	BOT Resolution 15-013	
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7	MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT	
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10	AMONG THE US DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS	
11 12	US DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS	
13	AND THE	
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15	WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS	
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18	WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORIC	
19 20	PRESERVATION	
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24	ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION	
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27 28	CONFEDERATED TRIBES OF THE UMATILLA INDIAN RESERVATION	
29	COMPROMISED INDES OF THE CONTRIBUTION OF THE C	
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31	REGARDING A LAND TRANSFER AND CONSTRUCTION OF A	
32	SKILLED NURSING FACILITY	
33	ADJACENT TO THE VA MEDICAL CENTER, WALLA WALLA, WASHINGTON	
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WHEREAS, the US Department Of Veterans Affairs (VA) proposes to transfer approximately 35 36 10.5 acres (parcel) and provide 65% funding in the range of \$20-25 million through the VA State Home Construction Grant program to the Washington State Department Of Veterans Affairs 37 (WSDVA) for the construction by the WSDVA of a Skilled Nursing Facility (Facility), and 38 associated utility upgrades, as described in Exhibit A (Undertaking); and 39 40 41 WHEREAS, Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), 16 U.S.C. 470f, and its implementing regulations at 36 CFR Part 800 (Section 106) requires Federal Agencies to 42 43 take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties and provide the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) a reasonable opportunity to comment on those 44 45 undertakings; and 46 WHEREAS, the purpose of this Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) is to document compliance 47 48 with Section 106 of the NHPA, pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.6 (c); and 49 50 WHEREAS, VA initiated consultation with the WSDVA, ACHP and Washington Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation (DAHP); and 51 52 53 WHEREAS, the WSDVA, ACHP and DAHP have chosen to participate in the consultation for 54 this Undertaking; and 55 56 WHEREAS, VA identified the following tribes as having ancestral or traditional interests in the 57 area and invited them to be consulting parties: 58 59 Colville Confederated Tribes Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation (CTUIR) 60 Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Indian Nation 61 62 Nez Perce Tribe 63 Wanapum Tribe; and 64 65 WHEREAS, the CTUIR have agreed to be a Signatory Party; and 66 WHEREAS, VA notified and invited the City of Walla Walla and local historic preservation 67 68 community to be Consulting Parties; and 69 70 WHEREAS, VA, in consultation with the WSDVA, ACHP, DAHP and CTUIR, established the 71 Undertaking's Area of Potential Effect (APE) to be: 72 73 Built environment of the Walla Walla Veterans Affairs Medical Center (VAMC) campus

(parcel #360730130080) including approximately 2.5 acres of City of Walla Walla land located adjacent and to the south; and the archaeological APE as the area of land to be transferred; and,

WHEREAS, VA has developed a research design for the inventory and evaluation of the APE in consultation with the WSDVA, DAHP, ACHP and CTUIR (Washington Department of Veterans Affairs Skilled Nursing Facility Phase I and II Cultural Resources Investigation Plan Walla Walla County, Washington August 2012). A Phase I Cultural Resource Survey was undertaken and Report of Findings submitted for review and comment to DAHP, ACHP, CTUIR, interested tribes and other Consulting Parties. Phase II archaeological investigations have identified archaeological historic properties (Site 45WW341) which will be adversely affected by the undertaking; and

WHEREAS, the parcel to be transferred from VA to the WSDVA is within, and contributes to, the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) -listed Fort Walla Walla Historic District (NRIS #74001985) and is therefore a historic property; and,

WHEREAS, the Historic District is significant under Criteria A, C and D for association with events surrounding exploration/settlement, military, health/medicine; architecture; and ability to answer questions through archaeology. The periods of significance are the Fort era (1859-1920) and VA era (1921-1950). The proposed undertakings will affect integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association; and,

WHEREAS, construction of the new Facility will occur entirely after the transfer of land out of Federal ownership; and,

WHEREAS, the transfer of land out of federal ownership without adequate and legally enforceable conditions to ensure long-term preservation is considered an adverse effect; and,

WHEREAS, the demolition of the 1928 Water Tower (Building 96) is considered an adverse effect; and,

WHEREAS, the alteration of the cultural landscape within the parcel is considered an adverse effect; and,

WHEREAS, VA has determined the Undertaking, which includes the aforementioned findings, will have an adverse effect on historic properties and submitted a Finding of Adverse Effect to the WSDVA, DAHP, ACHP, CTUIR and other Consulting Parties; and,

113 WHEREAS, the WSDVA submitted a preliminary Facility design development packet (20%) to

- VA, DAHP, ACHP, CTUIR, interested tribes and other stakeholders. The WSDVA submitted a design development packet (50%) to DAHP for review and comments have been received.
- NOW, THEREFORE, VA, WSDVA, DAHP, the CTUIR, and the ACHP agree that the undertaking shall be implemented in accordance with the following stipulations in order to take into account the effect of the undertaking on historic properties:

STIPULATIONS

I. Transfer of Real Property with Historic Preservation Covenant

VA shall include a Historic Preservation Covenant with the Quitclaim Deed that will run with the land and will obligate the WSDVA to fulfill the conditions included therein (Exhibit B).

II. Assumption of Cultural Resource Management Responsibilities

Upon legal transfer of the parcel to the WSDVA, the WSDVA shall be solely responsible for future cultural resource management of the parcel as stipulated in the Historic Preservation Covenant Exhibit B.

III. Archaeological Resources

A. Archaeological Data Recovery (Phase III) and Site Management Plan

Previous Phase I and II investigations have identified, tested and reported on a historic artifact scatter and several archaeological features within the APE. The investigations have determined that a majority of the landscape and features have been truncated, disturbed and/or do not have the potential to significantly contribute to the understanding of the history and use of the site. Additional archaeological investigation has been recommended for a single historic feature (Building 57 root cellar) that lies within the proposed construction footprint.

A Phase III Work Plan has been submitted to Consulting Parties that explicates the research design and methodology for additional investigation and data recovery of the ca. 1885 - ca. 1905 root cellar feature which appears to consist of intact stratigraphic cultural deposits. The root cellar feature will be investigated through large-block controlled hand and mechanical excavation.

Feature 1 appears to be an intact pre-contact cooking (fire-cracked rock) feature identified in Phase I and further explored in Phase II studies. Additional investigations

entailed magnetometer remote sensing followed by 0.5 meter (m) by 0.5m shovel tests excavated at 10.0m, 5.0m and 2.5m intervals in four directions from the known feature.

A detailed Site Management Plan will be prepared to preserve in place and protect Feature 1 both during construction and for any subsequent work done in the area. The Site Management Plan shall be developed by VA with the Signatory Parties and will be implemented by WSDVA prior to ground-disturbing construction activities. To protect Feature 1 during construction, the VA and WSDVA agree to take the following steps.

- 1. For a distance of five meters on each side of Feature 1, the sewer line trench will be excavated with the smallest excavator possible to achieve a maximum trench width of 24 inches.
- 2. A 10-meter long segment of sewer pipe centered on Feature 1 will be assembled on the surface of the ground. This section of pipe will be placed in a ductile iron sleeve. The pipe will be lowered into the trench from the surface; no personnel will enter the trench.
- 3. A no entry zone will be demarcated on the surface using protective fencing no less than four feet high. Supports for this fence will be t-posts that will not be driven more than 15 inches into the ground. This no work zone will include Feature 1 and a buffer 2.5 meters to the north and 10 meters to the south, east, and west.

If construction activities impact unanticipated features, consultation with Signatory Parties will be undertaken to resolve adverse effects. This process is detailed in Exhibit C.

All archaeological investigations will be completed in accordance with the Secretary of the Interior's standards (48 FR 44716), and applicable state regulations. A report of findings will be prepared and made available by VA to the Consulting Parties for review and comment within 30 calendar days. Cultural material will be handled in accordance with Exhibit C.

Upon completion of Phase III investigations, VA shall have fulfilled its Section 106 responsibilities and have no further obligations under this Agreement for archaeological resources, as they relate to the investigated areas. Notwithstanding, legal rights and obligations of the Signatories related to enforcement of the historic preservation covenant (Exhibit B) contained in the Quitclaim Deed will remain in effect as provided by Section V of the Quitclaim Deed and in accordance with applicable Federal law.

B. Archaeological Resource Monitoring Plan And Cultural Materials Discovery
 Protocol during Construction

The WSDVA shall wholly adopt and take responsibility for implementation of the Resource Monitoring Plan and Cultural Materials Discovery Protocol (Exhibit C). WSDVA will implement the plans and protocol during project construction and any subsequent ground-disturbing activities.

C. Communication and Coordination

VA and the WSDVA shall undertake the following measures to ensure adequate and effective communication between the Signatories throughout the period of time covered by this MOA.

- 1. Prior to the land transfer, VA and the WSDVA shall each designate a Primary Point of Contact within their agencies. Each will have access to cultural resource expertise to ensure the efficient flow of technical information between the Signatories. The WSDVA will hire a private consultant who meets the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards and will consult concurrently with the Signatories on review of treatments of historic properties.
- 2. Within four weeks of signature of the MOA, in consultation with Signatories, VA and the WSDVA shall identify key benchmarks and design a schedule of communications. Benchmarks will include the resolution of archaeological investigations, review of outstanding design submittals, and status reports regarding the land transfer process, preparation of the Quitclaim Deed, VA State Home Construction Grant application and completion of Site Management Plan.

D. Curation and Reporting

VA will curate and report on any archaeological resources according to Stipulation III.A. The WSDVA shall curate and report on any archaeological resources according to Stipulation III.B. and the Historic Preservation Covenant (Exhibit B). Collections will be curated at Fort Walla Walla Museum.

E. Treatment of Human Remains and Items of Religious and Cultural Importance

VA will treat human remains and items of religious and cultural importance found on federal lands in accordance with NAGPRA and applicable Federal laws. The WSDVA will treat human remains and items of religious and cultural importance found on state lands in accordance with the Historic Preservation Covenant (Exhibit B). VA will identify a place within their land (not the land to be transferred) that can be used for reburial of repatriated remains. If necessary, remains found on the land to be transferred to the state could be buried in that location.

IV. Treatment Measures

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This Stipulation sets forth treatment measures for historic properties adversely affected by the Undertaking.

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A. New Building Construction Design Review

The WSDVA shall ensure opportunities for iterative discussions take place between the WSDVA's Design/Build contractor and architect, VA, DAHP, ACHP (if they so desire), and interested Consulting Parties to coordinate appropriate design aesthetics for the new buildings, site layout, and landscape elements. Design review has occurred at 20% and 50% and will occur at 95% design completion. Opportunities may include conference calls, web-based exchanges, and mailings. The WSDVA is committed to soliciting, receiving and integrating stakeholder design suggestions on how to appropriately and sensitively design the Facility and shall ensure that the Adverse Effect is minimized by completing a design that meets the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for New Construction. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment. The WSDVA shall provide written responses to design review comments at 95% design completion. The WSDVA shall implement protective measures to retain historic cultural landscape elements, as per design. Several of the mature trees on the ridge crest will be retained and protected by protective fencing at the dripline during construction. The grassy sideslopes will be restored to approximate original contour and condition. See Exhibit D, a map of the trees to be protected and the location of sideslopes to be restored.

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B. Demolition of Historic Water Tower (Building 96)

The circa 1928 water tower is a contributing resource to the Historic District within the VA period of significance. Prior to the land transfer, the VA shall provide public outreach through newspaper announcements and informal discussions to provide specifications and technical information to local communities and regional organizations and agencies to make known the opportunity for off-site re-use of the water tower. Newspaper ads will run for three consecutive days in the four largest newspapers in the region (Union-Bulletin, East Oregonian, Tri-City Herald and Waitsburg Times). The results of these efforts will be presented to the Consulting Parties prior to land transfer. Prior to demolition, DAHP Level II recordation shall be prepared and submitted by WSDVA to the National Park Service, after review by consulting parties. Structural materials shall be recycled, as appropriate.

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C. Cultural Resource Curriculum and Public Education Exhibit Development

Within one year from land transfer, the VA shall ensure VA funding and partnering with a public institution of higher learning to develop a curriculum and provide instruction that will present the process and findings of recent cultural resource and historic preservation investigations at the VAMC. The curriculum will also provide the context of the National Historic Preservation Act and VA legal responsibilities for compliance with implementing regulations and VA Directive 7545. Additional instructional topics will include material to accomplish a broad understanding of cultural, environmental and governmental issues germane to cultural resource management, archaeology and integration of planning for historic resources. The role of women and minorities will also be researched and presented. The VA shall consult with Signatories quarterly on curriculum design, content and presentation.

This curriculum will include a breakout session regarding the history of tribal members on the land now used as the VA medical center in Walla Walla. The pre-contact, fur trade, Fort (tribal members likely held prisoner, serving as scouts, possibly doing other jobs), hospital (tribal members as patients or employees), and VA eras (with tribal members receiving care and possibly working there) will be examined to understand the role of tribal members in each. Since some relevant information is likely available only from tribal members, the VA will ensure that the public institution of higher learning will work with the CTUIR, providing funding as necessary. This information would be provided to Nixyáawii Community School (NCS) and made available to members of the CTUIR community in other ways.

The deliverable will be the development of a curriculum that meets the requirements of a for-credit elective course at a public institution of higher learning. As a component of the course, the VA shall produce a video series of lectures to present basic cultural resource and historic preservation content about work at the VA. Experts in specific fields will be filmed providing content lectures. Experts, may include staff from VA Federal Preservation Office, the Washington State Historic Preservation Office, the Advisory Council for Historic Preservation, the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, and the Fort Walla Walla Museum. The course will be available to the general public. The video series will be in a format that allows for use as VA Talent Management System (TMS) instruction for VA staff, veterans groups, schools and other interested organizations.

In addition to the video and classroom curriculum development, VA shall develop a transportable public display and live presentation of recent archaeological findings at Walla Walla VAMC for venues throughout the greater Walla Walla area. Venues will include schools, veterans' events, local museums and other locations sufficient for public educational purposes. A series of presentations will actively engage the public to provide

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312 a brief history of the Fort and VAMC, convey the legal compliance requirements, and 313 explain basic archaeological principles and ethics. No sensitive archaeological 314 information will be disclosed and no fee will be charged to the public. 315 316 D. Traditional Use Study Within three years of execution of this agreement, the VA will fund a traditional use 317 study/documentation of CTUIR use of land that is now the Walla Walla Veterans Affairs 318 319 Medical Center. This investigation will include historical research, review of tribal documents, identification of informants, interviews with informants, transcription of 320 interviews, coordination with Language Program as necessary, and production of a 321 322 323 324 E. Recognition of Tribal Use of Area and Tribal Veteraus Tribal members have used the area that is now the VA medical center in Walla Walla 325 326 since time immemorial. Historically, Native Americans have the highest record of military service per capita when compared to other ethnic groups. In recognition of these 327 328 facts, the WSDVA has agreed to the following. 329 330 1. WSDVA will install public art that recognizes the tribal history of the area and/or 331 with the armed forces. WSDVA will work with the CTUIR and other consulting 332 parties to ensure the piece is appropriate. 333 334 2. WSDVA will work with the CTUIR on the naming of one or more of the cottages that will be built as part of this project. This cottage may incorporate tribal themes in the 335 336 interior. 337 3. In the event that Washington State and/or Federal laws permit it, WSDVA will 338 339 consider Native American preference in admissions to the facility. 340 341 The VA agrees to co-host, co-organize, and fund enhanced annual Treaty Day 342 celebrations in 2015 through 2019. 343 344 V. Dispute Resolution 345 A. Unless otherwise specified in this Agreement, should any Signatory to this Agreement 346 347 object in writing within 30 days to any plans, specifications, actions, or findings proposed pursuant to this Agreement, WSDVA shall consult with the objecting party to resolve the 348 349 objection. Upon receiving the written objection(s):

1. WSDVA will notify any non-objecting Signatories as to the nature of the dispute.

2. WSDVA will attempt to informally resolve the objection within 30 days and notify the Signatories of the resolution.

3. In the event that informal attempts are unsuccessful, WSDVA will notify the Signatory Parties of the unresolved dispute in writing. VA will invite the objecting party to a reconciliation meeting for the purpose of discussing and resolving the objection. VA shall issue such invitation no later than ten (10) working days after receipt of the written notification from WSDVA and shall schedule a meeting to be held within fifteen (15) working days following receipt of the invitation unless the parties mutually agree to a later scheduling of the meeting. The time frames specified herein may be expedited by mutual written agreement.

 B. Should the Colville Confederated Tribe, Wanapum Tribe, Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama, and/or Nez Perce Tribe object to any proposed plan, curation procedure, handling of Native American human remains, the resolution of adverse impacts or sufficiency of proposed mitigation measures, WSDVA shall consult with the Tribal Governments to seek to informally resolve the objection.

C. If WSDVA determines that an objection from the non-signatory Tribes cannot be informally resolved, WSDVA shall forward all documentation relevant to the dispute to the VA and follow the procedures in Stipulation V.3. If the VA determines that an objection cannot be resolved, VA shall forward all documentation relevant to the dispute to the ACHP. Within 45 days of receipt of all documentation, the ACHP shall either:

1. Provide VA with recommendations, which VA shall take into consideration in reaching a final decision regarding the dispute, or

2. Notify VA that it will comment within 45 days in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.7(c)(2). Any Council comment provided in response to such a request will be taken into account by VA in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.7(c)(4) with reference to the subject of the dispute.

Any recommendation or comment provided by the ACHP will be understood to pertain only to the subject of the dispute; VA's responsibilities to carry out all actions under this Agreement that are not the subject of the dispute will remain unchanged.

In accordance with Stipulation I, the WSDVA will follow guidance and stipulations explicated within the Historic Preservation Covenant (Exhibit B to this MOA).

392 VI. Amendment

Any Signatory to this Agreement may request that it be amended, whereupon the parties will consult to consider such amendment. Any request to amend this Agreement shall be mailed to each signatory and concurring party at least 60 calendar days in advance of any proposed consultation date.

VII. Termination

Any Signatory to this Agreement may terminate it by providing 60 calendar days written notice to the other parties, provided that the signatories will consult during this 60-day waiting period to seek agreement on amendments or other actions that would avoid termination. In the event of termination, VA shall either: (a) execute a new MOA pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.6; or (b) request, take into account, and respond to the comments of the ACHP under 36 CFR § 800.7. VA shall notify the signatories as to the course of action it will pursue.

VIII. Effective End Date

This Agreement will continue in full force and effect for 5 years. VA and/or the WSDVA may request in writing that the signatories review the Undertaking and consider an extension or modification of this Agreement. No extension or modification will be effective unless all signatories to the Agreement have agreed to it in writing. The Historic Preservation Covenant (Exhibit B) will be incorporated into the Quitclaim Deed and will run with the land in perpetuity.

IX. Timeline for Implementation and Satisfaction of Section 106 Responsibilities

The general timeline for implementation of this Agreement is: completion of Phase III archaeology, official land transfer, development of Site Management Plan, development of Course and Public Education offering, final Design Review, Water Tower demolition and construction of Facility.

Execution of this Agreement by the signatories and implementation of its terms evidence that VA and the WSDVA have taken into account the effects of this undertaking on historic properties and afforded the ACHP an opportunity to comment.

X. This agreement is subject to the Anti-Deficiency Act (31 U.S.C. Section 1341). VA's responsibilities under this agreement are contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment, if any, can be made. Should funds not be available to allow VA to meet its responsibilities, VA may re-initiate consultation to comply with 16 U.S.C. 470f, and its implementing regulations at 36 CFR Part 800.

432	SIGNATORIES:	Day of the same of	Date: 5/1/1/15
433		By: Lourdes E. Alvarado-Ramos	100,0 /3/10
434	•	Director, WA Department of Veterans A	ffairs
435		Director, way Department of a ctorms is	
436		•	
437	Lead Federal Agency Signatories	Deut	Date:
438		Robert MacDonald, Secretary,	_ T-#101
439 440	Tourid Off Fage 14,	United States Department of Veterans A	ffairs
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443		By: (llh	Date: 3 /16/17
444	•	Allyson Brooks,	
445	• ,	Washington State Historic Preservation	Officer
446		/ 2: /	•
447	•	- 1 1 A	- 1/
448	•	By: Vente Older	Date: 3/25/15
449		John M. Fowler, Executive Director	1 7
450	•	Advisory Council on Historic Preservation	on .
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453			Date: 22/28-15
454		Gary Burke, Chair, Board of Trustees	
455		Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indi	an Reservation
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458	CONCURRING PARTIE		Data
459	•	By:	Date:
460		Guy Moura, Tribal Historic Preservation	Officer
461		Colville Confederated Tribes	
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464	.*	By: Kate Valdez, Tribal Historic Preservation	
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469		By:	Date:
470		Silas C. Whitman, Chairman	
471		Nez Perce Tribe	
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474	By:	Date:	
475	Rex Buck		
476	Wanapum Tribe		

478 479 480 481 482	SIGNATORIES:	By: <u>Gluberth</u> Date: <u>3/12/2015</u> Ed Litvin Department of Veterans Affairs Veterans Health Administration
483		Director, Office of Capital Asset Management Engineering &
484		Support (10NA5)
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487		By: \\ \Date: \(\frac{1}{3} \) \(\frac{1}{3} \)
488		Brian W. Westfield
489		Department of Veterans Affairs
490		Veterans Health Administration Director, Jonathan M.
491	4 ,	Wainwright Memorial VA Medical Center (Station 687)